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things) may be issued by the Recorder of the Board upon a showing that the parties have agreed to, or the Board has ordered, the taking of depositions under Rule 18. The service of subpoenas in aid of depositions shall be limited to the city or county wherein the witness resides or is employed or transacts business in person. If a subpoena is desired at other locations, a specific ruling of the Board is required.

- (e) Request to quash or modify. Upon written request by a person under subpoena or by a party, made within 10 days after service but in any event not later than the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, the Board may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable and oppressive or for other good cause shown, or (2) require the person in whose behalf the subpoena was issued to advance the reasonable costs of producing subpoenaed books and papers. Where circumstances require, the Board may act upon such a request at any time after a copy has been served upon the opposing party.
- (f) Foreign country. A subpoena directed to a witness in a foreign country shall issue under the circumstances and in the manner, and be served as provided in 28 U.S.C. 1781–1784.
- (g) Service. A subpoena may be served by a United States Marshal or a deputy, or by any person not a party who is not less than 18 years of age. Service of a subpoena upon a person named therein shall be made by tendering the subpoena to that person with the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law (28 U.S.C. 1821). When the subpoena is issued on behalf of the United States or an officer or agency of the United States, fees and mileage need not be tendered.
- (h) Fees. The party at whose instance a subpoena is issued shall be responsible for the payment of witness fees and mileage, as well as the fees and mileage of the officer who serves the subpoena. The failure to make payment of such charges on demand may be deemed by the Board as a sufficient ground for striking the testimony of the witness and the books, papers, documents, or tangible things produced.
- (i) Contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena. In case of contumacy or refusal

to obey a subpoena by a person who resides, is found, or transacts business within the jurisdiction of a United States District Court, the Board will apply to the court through the Attorney General of the United States for an order requiring the person to appear before the Board or a member thereof to give testimony or produce evidence or both. Any failure of any such person to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

6302.25 Copies of papers (Rule 25).

When books, records, papers, or documents have been received in evidence, a true copy or any material or relevant part may be substituted during or at the conclusion of the hearing.

6302.26 Posthearing briefs (Rule 26).

Posthearing briefs may be submitted upon such terms as may be agreed upon by the parties and the presiding Administrative Judge at the conclusion of the hearing.

6302.27 Transcript of proceedings (Rule 27).

Testimony and argument at hearings are reported verbatim, unless the Board otherwise orders. Transcripts or copies of the proceedings are supplied to the parties and others at such rates as may be fixed by the Board.

6302.28 Withdrawal of exhibits (Rule 28).

After a decision has become final, the Board, in its discretion, upon request and after notice to the other party, may direct or permit the withdrawal of all or part of original exhibits. The substitution of true copies of exhibits or photographs of physical objects may be required by the Board as a condition of withdrawal.

6302.29 Representation of the parties (Rule 29).

(a) The Appellant. An individual appellant may appear before the Board in person, a corporation by an officer, a partnership or joint venture by a member, or any of these by an attorney-at-law admitted to practice before the highest court of the District of Columbia or any state, commonwealth, or